#### 10385

## **B.Sc. Semester I (Honours) Examination, 2019 ELECTRONICS**

## **Course ID : 11711**

Course Title : Basic Circuit Theory and Network Analysis

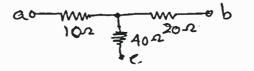
### Time: 1 Hour 15 Minutes

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

- 1. Answer *any three* of the following:
  - (a) State one limitation of Ohm's law.
  - (b) Draw V-I characteristics of an ideal voltage source.
  - (c) What is 'node' of a circuit?
  - (d) What is the equivalent capacitance when several capacitances  $C_1, C_2, C_3, ..., C_n$  are connected in series?
  - (e) Draw the symbolic representations of a DC voltage source and a DC current source.
  - (f) A voltage source has internal impedance  $(4 + j5)\Omega$ . Find the load impedance for maximum power transfer.
- 2. Answer *any three* of the following:
  - (a) What do you mean by dependent and independent sources?
  - (b) What are active and passive circuit elements? Give examples of each.
  - (c) States Kirchoff's Voltage Law (KVL) and Kirchoff' Current Law (KCL).
  - (d) Distinguish between 'mesh' and 'loop' of an electric circuit.
  - (e) In a series RLC circuit, if the value of L and C are  $100\mu$ H and  $0.1\mu$ F respectively, find the resonant frequency in Hz.
  - (f) What is an alternating current? What is period?

3.	Answer any two of the following:	

(a) Transform the T(star) network to  $\pi$  (Delta) network.



(b) State and prove Thevenin's theorem for dc network.

#### 2+3=5

 $5 \times 2 = 10$ 

5

# SH-I/Electronics-101C-1(T)/19

**Course Code : SHELC-101C-1(T)** 

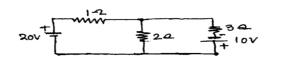
#### $1 \times 3 = 3$

 $2 \times 3 = 6$ 

Full Marks: 25

#### SH-I/Electronics-101C-1(T)/19 (2)

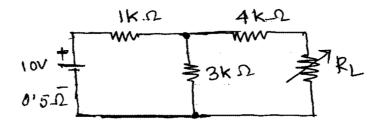
- (c) An alternating e.m.f. is applied to a pure inductor and a pure capacitor. Investigate the phase relationship of the alternating current with the alternating e.m.f. in each case. What do you mean by wattles current?
- (d) For the circuit shown below, find the currents in each branch by nodal method.



- 4. Answer *any one* of the following:
  - (a) What is two-port network? Find the h-parameters of the two-port network shown below.

 $1 - \frac{2\alpha}{2} - \frac{3\alpha}{2} - \frac{2}{3}$ 

- (b) A constant e.m.f. E is applied to a circuit containing a resistor R and a capacitor C in series. Deduce an expression for the charge on the capacitor as a function of time. Define time constant of an RC circuit. 4+2=6
- (c) State Maximum Power Transfer theorem. Find the value of  $R_L$  for the circuit shown below so that maximum power is transferred to  $R_L$  from battery and hence find the amount of maximum power transferred. 2+2+2=6



6×1=6

2+4=6